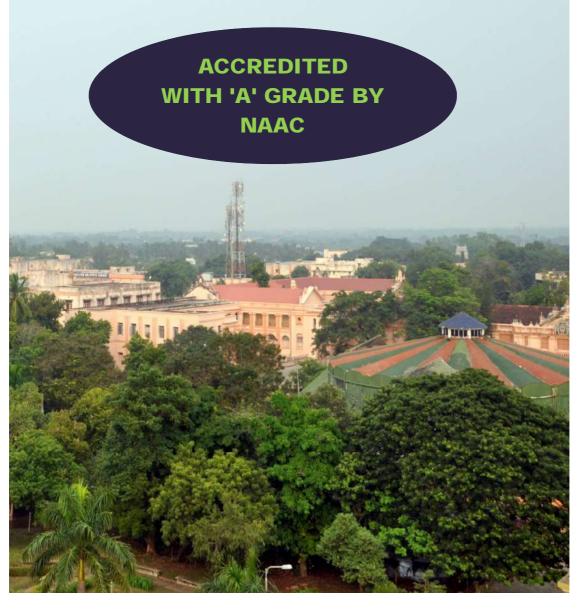
Annamalai University, one of the largest unitary, teaching, and residential Universities in the country, was established and incorporated in the year 1929 as per the Annamalai University Act 1928 (Tamil Nadu Act 1 of 1929). Now, the Annamalai University Act, 1928 has been repealed and replaced by the Annamalai University Act 2013 (Tamil Nadu Act 20 of 2013). Honourable Governor of Tamil Nadu is the Chancellor of the University.



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Annamalai University

In the early 1920s Rajah Sir S.R.M. Annamalai Chettiar founded Sri Minakshi College, Sri Minakshi Tamil College and Sri Minakshi Sanskrit College at Chidambaram. In 1928, Rajah Sir S.R.M. Annamalai Chettiar agreed with the local Government to handover the above said institution for establishing a University. Thus, on 01.01.1929 Annamalai University was established as per Annamalai University Act 1928 (Tamil Nadu Act 1 of 1929).

"The NIRF-2020" by the Ministry of Human Resource Development (MHRD) has ranked the University in the band 101 - 150 in the University Category. In the Pharmacy Category the ranking is 12th in India. In the Medical Category the ranking is 35th.

"The **Times Higher Education World University Ranking - 2020"** has ranked Annamalai University in 1000+ for Overall category. In the Subject category Ranking, 2020, the University is ranked in the band of 501-600 for Life Sciences and 600+ for Pre-clinical, clinical & Health Subjects. 800+ in the Physical Sciences and Engineering subject.

"The **QS World University Ranking - 2020"** has ranked Annamalai University in the band of 291 - 300 in Asia Ranking and 39 in India Ranking.

"The **CWTS Leiden Ranking 2019** has ranked the University at 23rd based on the number of publications and 7th based on the proportion of publications.

The **SCImago Institutional Ranking" (2019)** has ranked 9th in Tamil Nadu and 29th among the top 212 ranked institutions for Higher Education in India. **International Comparative Performance of India's Research Base** (2009-14) has rated the University as the top Indian Institute in Pharmacology, 17th among the top 30 Indian Universities in Publications. The **Global Exposure**, **Indian Science Ascending**, has ranked the University as 11th among the top 20 Indian Institutions in International Collaborations.

Annamalai University is one of the largest unitary, teaching, and residential Universities in Southern Asia comprising of 10 Faculties and 49 departments of study. This University has played a pivotal role in providing access to higher education to thousands of youth cutting across the social spectrum, especially from economically and socially disadvantaged classes. In this respect, this University's service to the nation is tremendous.

The University Library, named after the eminent scholar, statesman and former Vice-Chancellor Dr. Sir C.P. Ramaswami Aiyer, serves as knowledge hub for the students and the staff. Quite a good number of journals can be accessed through the Infonet facility. ScienceDirect is subscribed through which 340 journals can be accessed.

The sports complex of the University spreads over several acres, houses facilities for sports and games. Tennis court complex, basketball complex, volleyball complex, athletic standard track, cricket field & nets, football field, hockey field and a wooden floored indoor stadium are a few worth mentioning.



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I. Para Medical Programmes

The Faculty of Medicine consist of two colleges. They are the Rajah Muthiah Medical College and the Rani Meyyammai College of Nursing.

The Rajah Muthiah Medical College has a 1150 bed tertiary level collegiate hospital with all specialities, super-specialties supported by modern 24-hour laboratory and Radiological Imaging service equipped with Doppler, Ultrasound, Mammography, Digital X-ray, C-arm, CT Scan and the MRI. The Medical Council of India has accorded permanent recognition for annual intake of 150 students for the M.B.B.S programme.

Rajah Muthiah Institute of Health Sciences was established in the year 1980 with the functioning of the Dental College. Thereafter in the second phase of development, the Rajah Muthiah Medical College (RMMC) was established in the year 1985.

The Rajah Muthiah Medical College and Hospital serves the needs of the surrounding villages, by providing medical treatment with skilled doctors, paramedical staff and a well equipped hospital. Apart from ensuring curative and rehabilitative services through the teaching hospital of the college, community services on the preventive and promotive sides are being meaningfully organised, keeping in view the health needs of the rural as well as the urban sectors of the community.

The Academic tempo in the Medical College is maintained at a high level by the activities of the scientific body –'Academy of Medical Sciences'. Under the auspices of the Academy, regular monthly meetings are held wherein research papers and hospital cases are presented and discussed. Symposia are held annually on various Medical topics. Eminent scientists are invited by the Academy to deliver guest lectures on topics of current importance. The University has been hosting several National/International Medical Conferences. The teachers in the Faculty are encouraged to present papers/ participate in several National/International Seminars/Conferences/Symposia.

The Medical Education Unit functioning with the Dean as the Chairman, Organizes programmes connected with Medical Education such as Orientation Programmes, Basics & Advanced Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation Workshops for CRRIs & PGs, Faculty Development Programmes, Clinico Pathological Conferences and Special Lectures etc.,

The imposing structures of Rajah Muthiah Medical College has the distinction of having been declared open by His Excellency Shri R. Venkataraman, the then President of India, on 28.4.1988.

A special feature of RMMC is that it is one of the very few Medical Colleges in India directly run by Universities. As a University Medical College with residential system, there are ample opportunities for healthy interaction and

learning from the multi-disciplinary facilities available in the campus of the Annamalai University. Besides M.B.B.S., RMMC is also offering Post Graduate degree programmes in nineteen different specialities. All these programmes are recognised by the Medical Council of India.

Programmes Offered

Name of the Programme	Number of Seats	Duration
B.Sc. (Medical Laboratory Technology)	10	3 years
B.Sc. (Medical Imaging Technology)	10	3 years

II. Fee Structure & Scholarships

2.1 Tuition and other Fee

The details of Fee to be paid by the candidate are as follows:

Name of the Programme	Number of Seats	Total Fee per Annum in Rs.
B.Sc. (Medical Laboratory Technology)	10	51,200/-
B.Sc. (Medical Imaging Technology)	10	51,200/-

2.1(a) Hostel Fee

Annamalai University is a residential University and admission to the hostel is compulsory. The details of charges for accommodation in different hostels are as given below.

S. No.	Hostel Name	Caution Deposit (Rs)	Annual Hostel & Mess Charges (Rs)	Total in Rs (per Annum)
1	Malligai Illam / Travancore Hostel (Boys)	5000/-	45000/-	50000/-
2	T.S.A.N.S. Hostel / E.T.G.J. Hostel(Girls)	5000/-	45000/-	50000/-
3	SC/SCA/ST students (any hostel)	5000/-	19000/- #	24000/-

[#] This fee has to be paid by the students at the time of joining the hostel and would exclusively cover Admission Fees, Establishment, Room rent, Electrical and Misc. Charges only – Except Mess charges (Lumpsum Mess charges of Rs. 22,000/- will be adjusted from their Scholarship amount)

III. Eligibility Criteria

- **3.1** Candidate should be a Citizen of India.
- **3.2** Overseas citizens of India who are registered under section 7A of the Citizenship Act 1955 (Central Act 57 of 1955) are eligible to apply for Para Medical courses subject to the production of proof of such registration.

3.3 Nativity

Candidates belonging to Tamil Nadu

Tamil Nadu candidates who have passed VIII, IX, X, XI & XII Std. in Tamil Nadu, are eligible to apply. They need not enclose the "Nativity Certificate".

- 3.1 Candidate should be a Citizen of India.
- **3.2** Overseas citizens of India who are registered under section 7A of the Citizenship Act 1955 (Central Act 57 of 1955) are eligible to apply for Para Medical courses subject to the production of proof of such registration.

3.3 Nativity

(A) Candidates belonging to Tamil Nadu

- (i) Tamil Nadu candidates who have passed VIII, IX, X, XI & XII Std. in Tamil Nadu, are eligible to apply. They need not enclose the "Nativity Certificate".
- (ii) Tamil Nadu native candidates who have passed any of the VIII, IX, X, XI & XII Std. or their equivalent examination from schools situated outside Tamil Nadu can also apply. They should enclose a copy of the "Nativity Certificate".
- (iii) Children of Central Government Employees may also apply for admission, irrespective of their native, provided their parents or guardians (only if both parents are not alive) have been serving in Tamil Nadu continuously for the past FIVE YEARS at the time of submission of application which should be supported by enclosing a certificate from the employer of the parent or guardian, to that effect.
- (iv) Sons and daughters of All India Service Tamil Nadu Cadre Officers are eligible to apply.
- (v) Children of Employees in Public Sector or Government recognized Institutions who at the time of submission of application for admission employed in Tamil Nadu continuously for the past five years may also apply, irrespective of their domicile, provided a certificate from the employer is enclosed along with the application that the person is a Permanent Employee of the Firm or Institution concerned with evidence like Income Tax return, PF Slip, etc. and is working in Tamil Nadu continuously for the past FIVE YEARS.
- (vi) Other State candidates who have studied VIII, IX, X, XI & XII Std. in Tamil Nadu, are eligible to apply. They need not enclose the "Nativity Certificate".

Note

- a) Applications without proper employer certificate for categories (iii) and (v) and nativity for the category (ii) will not be considered.
- b) Tamil Nadu native candidates alone will be considered for communal reservation. Others will be considered under "Open Competition".

B) Other State Candidates who have not studied VIII, IX, X, XI & XII from Tamil Nadu.

Other State Candidates who have not studied VIII, IX, X, XI & XII from Tamil Nadu can also apply. However, their selection will subject to following conditions.

- i. Irrespective of the category, they will be considered only under open competition.
- ii. They will be considered after exhausting all the candidates from Tamil Nadu.

3.4 Age Limit

For B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology / Medical Imaging Technology) Programme

Candidates should have completed 17 years of age and maximum age is 30 years as on 31st December, 2020. For SC / SCA / ST candidates maximum age is raised to 35 years. Evidence should be produced.

3.5 Eligibility for Admission

B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology)

Every candidate desiring to join the **B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology)** Degree Course should have passed the HSC/CBSE/ISC or other equivalent examination with any one of the subject combinations given below

Physics, Chemistry, Biology and any other subject; or

Physics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology.

Vocational stream with Laboratory Technology

B.Sc.(Medical Imaging Technology)

Every candidate desiring to join the **B.Sc.(Medical Imaging Technology)** Degree Course should have passed the HSC/CBSE/ISC or other equivalent examination with any one of the subject combinations given below:

Physics, Chemistry, Biology and any other subject; or

Physics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology.

Note: A failure in examination/reappearance/first appearance in compartment in one or more subjects will be treated as an attempt.

3.6 Minimum Eligibility Marks

B.Sc. (Medical Laboratory Technology / Medical Imaging Technology)

For OC / BC / BCM / MBC / DNC Candidates

Individual pass in Physics, Chemistry, Biology or Botany and Zoology or Mathematics both in Theory and Practical with a minimum of 35% of marks and with not less than 40% aggregate marks in the above subjects.

For SC / SCA / ST Candidates

Individual pass in Physics, Chemistry, Biology or Botany and Zoology (or) Mathematics both in Theory and Practical with a minimum of 35% of marks and with not less than 35% aggregate marks in the above subjects.

English: A Pass in English with a minimum of 35% marks is mandatory.

Note:

- Only the marks obtained in the science subject in the HSC qualifying examination as a whole in the first appearance will alone be taken into consideration for the allotment of seats to the candidates as per the G.O. Ms No. 184/HE (J2)/Dept dated 9/06/2005 and G.O.(St)No.143/ HE (J2)/Dept dated 6/05/2008.
- Candidates who have passed any other equivalent examinations in the first attempt with same group of subjects mentioned above should produce the eligibility certificate from the Tamil Nadu Dr. MGR Medical University before admission to the course.
- Candidates who have submitted mark sheets with GRADES should obtain the statement of marks indicating the actual marks secured from the examination authority and attach a certified copy as an enclosure to the application.
- Normalization method will be adopted for calculating the minimum eligibility mark for the candidates who have passed any other equivalent examination.

IV. Normalization of Marks

As per Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 2007, dt 05.03.2007 and G.O(Ms) No.77 HE(J2) Dept, dt. 05-04-2007, the marks obtained by the student in the relevant subjects in the qualifying examination conducted by various Boards or Authority shall be equated with the marks obtained by the students in the same subjects in the qualifying examination conducted by the State Board of Tamil Nadu by adopting the method of normalization.

Explanation:

Under the method of normalization the highest mark obtained by the students of various Boards in each subject will be equated to the highest mark obtained by the students of State Board in that subject and the relative marks obtained by other students in that subject will be determined accordingly.

Illustration:

If the highest mark secured by the student of State Board in Physics is 100 and the highest mark secured by a student of any other Board in the same subject is 90, both the highest mark will be considered to be equal to 100. If a student of the Other Board secures 60 marks in Physics when the first mark in Physics in the same board is 90, the 60 marks will be considered to be equal to 66.66 marks as arrived below:

$$\frac{100\times60}{90}$$
 = 66.66 %

After normalization of marks in the relevant subjects in the qualifying examination conducted by different Boards, the qualified students of different Boards will be merged into a common merit list.

In case of candidates who have qualified from National Boards such as CBSE and ISCE etc., the highest marks obtained by candidate at the National Level alone will be taken into consideration.

V. Mode of Selection

5.1 Ranking

i. Ranking will be made on merit on the basis of marks obtained by the eligible candidates in the science subjects in the qualifying examinations reduced to the base of 200 marks. The marks obtained through different boards will be taken into account after normalization.

CALCULATION

Weighted Total Marks for a maximum of	200
Percentage in Biology (after normalization)	(X)
Percentage in Physics and Chemistry taken together (after normalization)	(Y)
Percentage in Botany and Zoology taken together (after normalization)	(Z)
Percentage in Mathematics (after normalization)	(w)
Weighted total marks for a maximum of 200	Either (X+Y) OR (Y+Z) OR (W+Y)

The percentage and the weighted total should be accurate to two decimals.

- ii. Ranking of the candidates will be done based on the total marks obtained in the science subjects after normalization of marks computed to a maximum of 200, as given in the table above.
- iii. a) The marks obtained in the science subjects in the HSC qualifying examination as a whole in the first appearance will alone be taken into consideration for the allotment of seats to the candidates and the improvement marks in +2 examinations of any year will not be considered. Also the marks obtained through part by part appearance in +2 examination will not be considered including for native of Tamil Nadu who have passed any other equivalent examination from other boards/ states.
 - b) If claiming of improvement marks for selection to Para Medical Courses is detected at any point of time it will lead to cancellation of selection and removal of his/ her name from rank list.
 - c) Any application submitted without the latest self attested photocopy of the first appearance mark sheet of the qualifying examination will be summarily rejected.

5.2 Determination of Rank of Candidates who have Obtained Equal Marks (Inter-Se Merit)

In cases, where two or more candidates obtain equal aggregate marks for 200, the rank of such candidates shall be determined on the basis of the following order, namely:

- i. Percentage in Biology or Botany and Zoology taken together in +2 examination.
- ii. Percentage in Chemistry in +2 examination.
- iii. Percentage in Fourth optional subject in +2 examination.
- iv. Date of Birth weightage will be given to seniority in age.
- v. Computerised random number assigned. (Higher value will be given preference)

5.3 Merit List

The Merit list will be published on the website of Annamalai University,

www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in.



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VI. Allocation of Seats & Counselling Procedure

Candidates will be called for Counselling in the order of merit.

- 6.1 Counselling will be held at the Administrative Office, Annamalai University, Annamalai Nagar, Chidambaram.
- 6.2 The candidates will be called for counselling as per their merit and as per the eligibility norms mentioned in the prospectus.
- 6.3 Selection shall be made under seven categories, namely OC, BC, BC (Muslim), MBC / DNC, SC, SCA and ST, following the rules of reservation of the Government of Tamil Nadu as follows:

Note: BC, BC (Muslim), MBC/DNC, SC, SCA and ST candidates are also eligible for selection under open competition as per merit in addition to the reservation made for those categories.

69% Rule of Reservation	
Open Competition (OC)	31.00%
Backward Class (BC)	26.50%
Backward Class Muslim (BCM)	3.50%
Most Backward Class/Denotified Communities (MBC/DNC)	20.00%
Scheduled Caste (SC) [16% of seats reserved for the Scheduled Castes shall be offered to Arunthathiyars (SCA)]	18.00%
Scheduled Tribes (ST)	1.00%

6.4 Special Reservation for Differently Abled Candidates:

- (i) 5% of the total number of seats available is reserved for the Orthopaedically Physically Disabled candidates as per norms laid down by the Government.
- (ii) Admission to Special Reservation Categories

Candidates who are applying for the special reservation categories of seats should satisfy the rules stipulated for admission. Allocation of these Special Reservation seats will be followed as per horizontal reservation.



If vacancy arises it will be reverted to the general counselling in the respective communities.

- (iii) In the first instance in the reservation of seats, candidate with disability of lower limbs between 50% to 70% shall be considered and in case candidates are not available in that category then candidates with disability of lower limbs between 40% to 50% may be considered. The other conditions for admission into Para Medical Programme will be applicable as in the case of general category.
- (iv) The candidates are required to produce a certificate from the District Medical Board of the area concerned constituted for the purpose of assessing the nature and the extent of disability in the format prescribed in the Annexures-I (a) & I (b). Certificate in any other format will be summarily rejected
- (v) The certificate must have been obtained within three months prior to submitting the application for seeking admission under this category. If the certificate has been obtained earlier, the application will be rejected.
- (vi) The Medical Certificate issued by District Medical Board of the area concerned for this purpose is subject to the confirmation by the Expert Committee constituted by the University at the time of Counselling.
 - The Candidate seeking admission under this category should produce a **full sized photograph** exhibiting the deformity.
- (vii) Candidates with any other disability other than the locomotory disability of the lower limb will not be considered for admission into Para Medical Programme under this special category. Such applications will be summarily rejected without any intimation to the candidate. Both upper limbs, Vision, Hearing should be normal.
 - The decision of the University in this regard will be final.
- 6.5 Counselling Schedule will be available on the University website.

 Candidates will be called for counselling in the order of their merit.

 These details will be available on the university website.
- **6.6** Counselling for the **differently abled candidates** will be held first.
- **6.7 Counselling Fee**: Candidates have to pay a Counselling fee of **Rs. 2000/-** (**Rs.500/-** for SC/SCA/ST Candidates) by cash or DD in favour of "The Registrar, Annamalai University" payable at Chennai at the time of counselling. The counselling fee is **not refundable**.
- **6.8** Option once exercised during counselling will be final and cannot be changed.
- 6.9 The applicants should attend the counselling on the scheduled date and time without fail..
- **6.10** Candidates who fail to attend the counselling at the specified date and those who have attended the counselling but has not remitted the counselling fee will forfeit their right to admission and their name will not be considered later.

- **6.11** Due to unforeseen reasons, if a candidate **is not in a position to** attend the Counselling on the **specified date and time**, he/she can authorize his/her parent on his/her behalf and the parent's decision will be binding on the candidate. The authorization letter must be in the prescribed format (Annexure-IV (a) & IV (b)).
- 6.12 If he/she or his/her parent could not attend the counselling on the scheduled time but attends the counselling behind the scheduled time but on scheduled date, he/she will be offered the seat if available at that time in the respective category. However such candidates shall not claim the original seniority in the merit list.
- **6.13** After allotment of all seats in various categories the applicants, who have paid the requisite counselling fee but did not get admissions, will be placed in the waiting list in the order of their merit and in case vacancies arise at a later stage, due to non-joining of selected candidates or for any other reasons, they will be admitted in the order of merit by following the rule of reservation.
- **6.14** If ranking of a candidate is changed due to re-totalling/revaluation of mark, he/she can attend counselling as per the new mark and rank, though the call letter may specify different time (as per original mark).
- **6.15** At the time of admission, the candidate and the parent/guardian (in case both the parents are not alive) should execute a joint declaration as given in **Annexure-III.**
- 6.16 All selections and admissions for Para Medical Programme is only provisional. The selection and admission is liable to be cancelled at any time as and when the eligibility conditions are found to be defective or incorrect or there has been suppression or misrepresentation of facts. The University reserves the right of allotment of seats for B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology / Medical Imaging Technology) Programme.
- 6.17 Any change or modification and relevant information pertaining to this admission process will be made available immediately on the University website (www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in). The candidates are instructed to frequently visit the website from the date of application till the end of counselling without fail. Please do not wait for counselling information to be received by post, as all information including the date of counselling will be put up on the website.

VII. Code of Conduct

The following code of conduct shall be observed by the students who are admitted.

- (i) The students should conduct themselves in an exemplary manner so as to be a model for other students.
- (ii) All students will have to strictly adhere to the rules and regulations of the University.

- (iii) RAGGING: The candidates should not indulge or participate in any kind of ragging. If they are found to have indulged in ragging in the past or noticed later, the candidates will be removed from the roll of the institution at whatever stage of study and criminal action will be taken against the candidates.
- (iv) If any student is involved in ragging or any other anti- social activities, he/she will be expelled and criminal proceedings may be launched against him/her.
- (v) The students should be present during all working days and sincerely apply themselves to studies.
- (vi) The students should attend the classes regularly and punctually and should fulfil the attendance requirement as prescribed by the Medical Council of India / Pharmacy Council of India to be eligible to appear for the University Examinations.
- (vii) The campus is "Tobacco Free" and "Liquor Free". Any violation of this will result in dismissal from the program.
- (viii) Use of mobile phones and other electronic gadgets is not permitted in the class rooms, examination halls, faculty premises, university organized functions/programs/extracurricular and co-curricular activities
- (ix) The students are forbidden from using motorized vehicles, including powered two wheelers, inside the campus.
- (x) Dress Code: Students need to wear formal dress largely covering them like Sarees/Churidhar with dupatta for ladies and Trousers, Pant & Shirt for men.

VIII. General Instructions

8.1 Online Application

Separate Online Applications should be submitted for B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology / Medical Imaging Technology)

Procedure for registration of application is Online from the University website

www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in/adm

PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION FOR APPLICATION

8.2 General Instructions for Applicants

- Online Application Number is the Registration Number of the Annamalai University B.Sc.(Medical Laboratory Technology / Medical Imaging Technology) Admissions 2020.
- ii. The Candidates seeking admission should Register and apply only through online by logging on to www.annamalaiuniversity.ac.in/adm
- iii. The guidelines for registration are availability in the Annamalai University Website Portal.

- iv. A candidate needs to submit only one application. Candidates seeking admission under special reservation should also enclose special reservation form(s)/Certificates as in Annexures-I, II, III, If applicable along with the main application as per the instructions given in Eligibility Criteria.
- v. The online application Number should be quoted in all future correspondence.
- vi. The filled in online application should be downloaded and sent with all the enclosure with Online Payment Details/Demand Draft, either by Speed/ Registered post or in person to

THE REGISTRAR **ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY ANNAMALAINAGAR CHIDAMBARAM CUDDALORE DISTRICT TAMIL NADU** PIN- 608 002 on or before 17.08.2020 - 5.30 p.m.

- vii. Demand draft for B.Sc. MIT. / B.Sc. MLT. `800/- for SC/SCA/ST and `800/for Others, which is drawn in favour of The Registrar, Annamalai University, payable at Annamalainagar / Chennai.
- viii. The University shall not be responsible for any delay in the receipt or for the loss in transit of application form etc.,
- ix. Request for extension of time for submission of documents called for, after the specified date and time will not be entertained.
- x. Any supporting documents received after the due date or application without required documents/particulars will not be entertained.
- xi. Photocopy/ Fax copy of the application will not be accepted.

8.2 General Instructions for Applicants.

- Students discontinuing the programme before commencement of classes are eligible to get full refund (except service charges `5,000).
- ii. Those who discontinue after commencement of classes are eligible to get refund of caution money deposit only.
- iii. The candidates who have joined a programme and wish to discontinue, should pay the tuition fee in full up to the year of study.
- iv. Tuition fee for each academic year should be paid well before the due date, failing which a fine as prescribed by the University will be charged. The Candidate shall not be permitted to appear for the University Examination without clearing the Tuition fee arrears.
- v. Tuition fee for the entire programme together with arrears, if any, shall be payable by the student before Transfer Certificate is issued.
- vi. Special fee for the remaining period of programme shall be waived.

- vii. No certificate will be issued, unless the candidate has cleared all the arrears of fees etc., due to the University.
- viii. Caution deposit shall be refunded on application after adjustment towards any dues from the student. Application for refund of caution deposit should be submitted within one year of completing the course.
- ix. With regard to any dispute arising in relation to admission, examinations, remittance of fees, etc., the place of jurisdiction for the purpose of filing a suit or preferring a complaint or taking any legal proceedings against the University, will be Chidambaram Town only.
- x. Original Certificates submitted at the time of admission will be returned before the end of second semester. In case a candidate requires the original certificates for valid reasons, he/she may apply for the same with valid proof. The candidates are advised to have with them attested copies of mark lists or other certificates that may be required for applying scholarships/bank loan etc.

8.3. General Information

The following procedures should be followed for applying/getting certificates viz. Bonafide/Course completion/Mark lists etc. with the fee prescribed by the University.

- (i) **General**: Mark list for each Semester/Year during the period of study will be issued by the University and distributed through the respective department of study. On completion of the programme, Provisional Certificate and Transfer Certificate will also be distributed through the department concerned.
- (j) **Migration Certificate**: This certificate will be issued by the University Office ('K' Section) only on demand to those who have planned to undergo higher studies in any Educational Institution in India.
- (k) **Duplicate Certificate Mark List/Degree/Transfer Certificate**: A certificate from the police department is required to be produced for the loss of certificates indicating that the certificates were actually lost beyond recovery.
- (iv) **Degree Certificate**: Notification will be issued in the leading dailies during the month of September/October every year for calling of application forms for getting Degree Certificate at the Convocation. Students shall apply for the same in the prescribed form which can be obtained from the University.
- (v) **Personal File**: Students are advised to maintain a personal file containing all academic records such as challan for remittance of tuition fee, exam fee, instrument fee, condonation fee etc. till completion of his/her studies.
- (vi) **Re-admission**: If any attendance deficiency during the tenure of his/her studies, shall apply for re-admission through the Heads concerned along with the photocopy of his/her previous semester/year mark list/s as proof for having appeared for the University Examinations.
- (vii) Change of Name/Date of Birth: Candidate who wish to change of Name, Date of Birth, of his/her name should be made only during the period of study by producing a copy of "Gazette Notification" from the respective Government No.

such change shall be entertained after completion for his/her studies in the University.

(vii) How to get Certificate:

- (a) Students applied for any certificates in this University viz., Duplicate mark list, Degree Certificate, Transfer Certificate etc, either during the tenure of his/her studies or completion of the programme should get the same from the office or by post within a fortnight period from the date of filing application in the office. He/she should possess compulsorily 1) a copy of letter where he/she has applied for 2) a copy of remittance challan, 3) and any other documents etc., whenever any lapse of the original submitted to University (or) loss in transaction.
- (b) If he/she does not receive the certificate(s) within the stipulated period, then he/she can immediately seek the assistance of the Section Head/Deputy Registrar of the 'K' Section with relevant copy of records that has been already submitted for claiming the certificates, so as to enable them to get the certificate from the office (or) necessary guidance will be provided for the same.
- (c) Students admitted on various programmes of the University, should get back his/her original certificates produced at the time of admission within three months either on completion of programme (or) discontinuing the same in the middle of the programme. The University is not responsible for any lapse or damage of the certificates.

8.4 Important points and procedure for filling up online application

- (i) Online Application Number is the Registration Number for Admissions 2020.
- (ii) All the enclosures in the application should bear the Registration Number at the top right hand corner.
- (iii) The Registration Number should be quoted in all future correspondence.
- (iv) Application with incomplete or insufficient particulars or without enclosures or those received after the last date mentioned will be summarily rejected without intimation to the candidate.
- (v) Filled in Online application without the signature of the candidate will be rejected..
- (vi) No document enclosed with the application will be returned. Candidates are required to enclose only the self attested photocopies of the following certificates along with the application.
 - 1. Self Attested photograph affixed on the Application
 - 2. Self Attested photocopy of HSC / Equivalent Mark Sheet
 - 3. Self Attested photocopy of Transfer Certificate
 - 4. Self Attested photocopy of 10th Mark Sheet
 - 5. Self Attested photocopy of Permanent Community Certificate Card for ST, SC, SCA, MBC & DNC, BC, BCM obtained from the competent authority

- 6. Self Attested photocopy of Nativity Certificate (if applicable)
- 7. Photocopy of HSC Hall Ticket / Equivalent Hall Ticket
- 8. Self Attested photocopy of first graduate certificate and First Graduate Joint Declaration (if applicable)
- 9. Special Reservation Form(s) with relevant certificate(s) if applicable

Note:

- Candidates belonging to Scheduled Tribe should produce Community Certificate obtained from a competent authority not below the rank of a Revenue Divisional Officer. A self attested photocopy or certified copy of the permanent community certificate card should be produced.
- Producing a false community, nativity or any other certificate, if detected later at
 any point of time during the course of study, will result in expulsion of the
 candidate and also criminal proceedings will be initiated against the candidate
 as well as the parents as per law.
- As number of fake community certificates are being encountered off late and in order to curb such practices, the authentication of the above certificate has to be verified and confirmed by the concerned authority, before the individual completes I Year Para Medical course. The concerned candidate and parents should take necessary steps to that effect. Unless proof of authenticity of community certificate is received, the candidate will not be allowed to continue the II Year.
- Community Certificate obtained from other states will not be considered and such candidate will be treated as to the **Open Category**.

REGISTRAR (i/c)
ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY

ANNEXURE – I (a) A. MEDICAL CERTIFICATE FOR ORTHOPAEDICALLY PHYSICALLY DISABLED

(To be issued by the District Medical Board)

(Locomotory disability of	f the lower lim	bs should be bet	ween 40% and 70%)
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The District Medical Bo	oard of		Distric
(City/T	own) certify that	we have on th	nis Day o
2020 examined	d the candidate who	ose particulars a	re given below:
Name of the candidate	:		,
Signature of the Applicant	Members S	ignature	Signature of Chairman of the Medical Board
	1.		Designation :
	2.		Office Stamp
2. Father's name			Office Starrip
3. Sex			Recent Full size
4. Age	·		Photograph of the
5. Identification marks	: 1.		Candidate exhibiting
o. Identination marks	2.		the deformity duly
6. a. Orthopaedically Physically D	- -		attested by the
b. Nature of Orthopaedic Disa			Medical Certificate
7. Extent of permanent disability			Issuing Authority.
(mention the % disability)			
(Upper limbs must be function	onal and normal)		
· · ·	b) 40% to 50%	·	
8. Whether the candidate fulfills	•	lard and may be	considered for admission
to undergo studies in Para Me	-	:	
(a) Normal Blood Pressure		: Yes/No	
(b) Mentally normal		: Yes/No	
(c) Visual and auditory disabilities		: Yes/No	
(d) Gross speech disorders		: Yes /No	
(e) Independent in ambulation	with or without		
calipers but without any su		: Yes/ No	
(f) Good standing balance wit			
calipers but without any su	pport	: Yes/No	
g) Hand function within norma	al limits without		
any aid		: Yes/No	
(h) Good control over bowel and bladder : Good/No		ot good – Yes/No	
(i) a. Is the disability progressive?		: Yes / No	
b. If progressive, is the cand for further studies	lidate eligible	: Yes / No	
(j) Height (Normal)		: Yes / No	
	1. Certified that the above candidate does not have any upper limb disability.		
	2. Certified that the above candidate has only locomotory lower limb disability.		
Place:	and are not only to		
Date:			

ANNEXURE – I (b) CERTIFICATE OF LOCOMOTORY DISABILITY

(For Admission to Para Medical Courses)

Certificate No	Date
This is to certify that	aged
Years, Son/Daughter of Thiru	residing at
	is suffering
from ar	nd has permanent
Physical Impairment of Left /Right /Both Lower Limbs. He/She is Loc	comotory disabled
and has the percentage ofin figure) (in w	ords) disability of
Lower Limbs.	
Upper Limbs – Right / Left / Both are without any	deformity and
Functionally Normal. He/She is eligible / not eligible for admission	n to Para Medical
Courses as per the MCI guidelines.	

Note:

- The candidates seeking admission under this category have to undergo a second Medical Examination by a Medical Board constituted for the purpose by the Annamalai University to ascertain and confirm the nature and extent of physical disability.
- 2) Candidates with any other disability other than the locomotory disability of the lower limb will not be considered for admission under this category.
- 3) The decision of the Annamalai University in this regard will be final.

ANNEXURE - II

List of Religions		
Religion	Code No.	
BUDDHISM	1	
CHRISTIANITY	2	
HINDUISM	3	
ISLAM	4	
JAINISM	5	
SIKHISM	6	
OTHERS	7	

ANNEXURE - III

JOINT DECLARATION BY THE CANDIDATE AND PARENT / GUARDIAN (This should not be enclosed with the application but should be submitted only at the time of admission)

I / We do hereby Solemnly and sincerely affirm

inside the campus.

- 1) that the statements made and information furnished in the application submitted and also in all the enclosures thereto submitted by him/her are true. Should it however be found that any information furnished therein is untrue in material particulars, I/we realize that he/she is liable for criminal prosecution and forfeiture of his/her seat in the Institution allotted during the counselling.
- 2) that my son/daughter/ward would conform strictly to all the rules and regulations prescribed by Annamalai University, Annamalainagar in force now or which may be introduced in the Institution hereafter and that I/we realize that breach of discipline and rules on my son's/daughter's/ward's part would entail forfeiture of his/her seat in the Institution.
- 3) that my son/daughter/ward agrees to pay any amount that may become due as and when the fee structure is revised as may be decided by Annamalai University, Annamalainagar/ Committee appointed by the Annamalai University for the purpose.
- 4) that my son/daughter/ward do hereby agree to conform to follow the rules and regulations including those relating to the hostel laid down or to be laid down by the respective Dean of the Institution for due maintenance of discipline at the said College and assure that he/she will not join any agitation/strike of any kind during course of study and further agree to make good when called upon to do so to the Annamalai University any damage to furniture, apparatus or other articles which may be caused by any carelessness negligence and wantonly on his/her part.
- 8) that we are fully aware, as per the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India and Tamil Nadu Prohibition of Ragging Act 1997, Ragging is an offence, and is banned in the Institution and anyone indulging in ragging is liable to be punished by expulsion from the Institution and/or rigorous imprisonment up to 3 years, and/or fine up to Rs. 25,000/-.

	Institution and/or rigorous imprisonment up to	3 years, and/or fine up to Rs. 25,000/
Pla	lace:	
Da	Pate :	
	Signature of Candidate	Signature of the Parent/Guardian

ANNEXURE – IV(a)

A. UNDERTAKING REGARDING AUTHORIZATION

I,	son/daughter of		
Thiru	years Registration		
Numberand General Rai	nkin the Merit list for Para Medical Courses		
admission 2020-2021 session do	hereby solemnly affirm and undertake that the		
decision of my au	thorized representative, Thiru./Tmt./Selvi		
	Son/daughter / wife of		
Thiru	years, regarding		
selection / rejection of seat on the d	late of Counselling() shall be binding on		
me and I shall not have any claim whatsoever, other than the decision taken by my			
authorized representative on my behalf on			
Signature of the Candidate			
•			
Name	Registration No		
Address	General Rank		

ANNEXURE – IV(b) B. AUTHORIZATION LETTER

I,	son/daughter of Third	ubearii	ng
Registration number	erand Gen	eral Rankin t	he
Merit list for Para N	Medical Courses Admission 2020-20	021 session do hereby authoriz	ze,
Thiru./Tmt./Selvi	Son/Da	aughter of Thiru	
to repre	esent me onbefore the	nefor allotme	nt
of a seat in B.Sc	c.(Medical Laboratory Technology	/Medical Imaging Technolog	ĵу)
2020-2021 session.	The signature and the photo	ograph of the above name	ed
Thiru./Tmt./ Selvi	are	e attested below.	
	7	Name:	
	Photograph of Candidate attested	Registration Number:	
	by a Gazetted Officer	General Rank in the Merit List:	
	Signature of the Candidate:		
	Photograph of authorized	Signature of authorized	
	Representative attested by	Representative duly attested by	y
	the candidate	the candidate	

NB: Signature and seal of the attesting authority should cross over the photographs.

ANNEXURE - V (a)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR NATIVITY CERTIFICATE:

- 1. This certificate should be issued by an officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned.
- 2. This certificate should not be issued by the Special Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars such as Loans, Land Acquisition, Election, Excise and HQs, Deputy Tahsildars, Special Deputy Collectors, Assistant Commissioner of Agricultural Income, Excise, Elections etc.
- 3. The certificate should bear the stamp of the office of the Officer signing the certificate.
- 4. Any foreign national irrespective of the period of study in the State will not become eligible to apply for this course. No certificate of Nativity in the State of Tamil Nadu, should therefore be issued to Nationals of other countries for this purpose.
- 5. The certifying officers should insist upon clear proof of the nativity of the parent or guardian of the candidate and satisfy themselves on the genuineness of the residential qualification.
- 6. They should be particularly careful in the case of candidates whose mother tongue is not Tamil and whose place of birth is other than Tamil Nadu and who have studied VIII to XII standards outside Tamil Nadu.
- 7. Residence Certificate will not be considered as Nativity Certificate.
- 8. The guidelines prescribed for the issue of Nativity Certificate and they are as follows as per Letter No.RA.V(B)16932/2000, dated 3-4-2000 of the Special Commissioner and Commissioner of Revenue Administration, Chepauk, Chennai-5.
 - i. The parents/guardians of the applicants/students or the applicants themselves should have permanently resided continuously for a period of five years in Tamil Nadu.
 - ii. Permanently residing for a period of five years should be supported by documentary evidence.
 - iii. The family ration card, Electoral Roll, Census List if taken recently, documents like sale deed, tax receipt etc. relating to the property owned by either of the parents or by the applicant may be verified.
 - iv. The Transfer Certificate issued by the School authorities where the applicant had studied last may be verified to know whether he/she was in the State for five years.
 - v. Enquiry in the village/place of residence of the neighbour/Village Administrative Officers regarding continuous residing.
 - vi. To ensure that wrong or incorrect address had not been furnished to obtain the certificate.
 - vii. The birth place of the parent, place of residence of the parent/father, permanent assets, mother tongue, place of education, place of marriage of the applicant/parents, the period of stay in and outside Tamil Nadu can also be considered before issuing certificate.

ANNEXURE - V (b) CERTIFICATE OF NATIVITY IN TAMIL NADU

Name		Registration	No:
Certified that	S/D/W o	ıf	residing at
an applic	cant seeking a	dmission to Para Med	dical courses in
Annamalai University, Annamalainag	ar in Tamil Nac	du is a Native of Tamil	Nadu.
Signature of			
Village Administrative Officer	Signat	ure :	
of	Name & Designation	gnation:	
in the	Taluk	Station :	
of	District Office	Seal :	
	Date		:

Note: This Certificate should be issued by an officer of the Revenue Department not below the rank of Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned.

ANNEXURE - VI (a) CERTIFICATE No. II

Name of the Applicant								
Applica	Application							
	FIRST GRADUATE CERTIFICATE							
Th	is is certific	ed that there is	no G	raduate in	the family of	Selvan/Selvi		
		S/o./D	o. T	hiru		presently		
residing	J	at						
and wh	o has applied	I for professional co	ourses f	or the year 2	.020 is eligible fo	or Tuition Fee		
exempt	ion as p	per the G.O.	(St.)	No. 85,	Higher Edu	cation (J2)		
Departr	ment, dated 1	6.04.2010.						
SI. No.	Name	Relationship Father/Mother/ Brother/Sister/ Grand Father Grand Mother	Age	Educatio Qualificat		•		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Station:						_		
Date:			He	adquarters [Deputy Tahsildar			

Taluk :

District:

Office Seal:

ANNEXURE - VI (b)

FIRST GRADUATE CONCESSION - JOINT DECLARATION FORM

I hereby declare the following details of my family members and their education qualification to avail the tuition fee waiver for my studies in professional courses under the scheme of waiver of tuition fee to the students from the family where there are no graduates.

SI. No.	Name	Relationship Father/Mother/ Brother/Sister/ Grand Father Grand Mother	Age	Educational Qualification	Whether Degree Holder
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Applicant			
		Father			

I hereby solemnly and sincerely affirm that I am the first and only person from my family to claim the waiver of Tuition Fee for entire Professional course of study and there is no graduate in my family so far. The particulars furnished above are true. Should it, however, be found that any information furnished therein is false in material particulars on verification at a later stage, I am liable for criminal prosecution and I also agree to return the amount equal to three times the tuition fee waiver availed by me.

Date:												
Place:						S	Signa	ture o	of the Ca	andic	late	
crimina	solemnly tion and the Il action/rec lars furnishe	e parti overy	culars furn	ished in	the de	eclara	ation	are c	orrect. I	am	liable	for the
							Sio	natur	e of the	Pare	ent/G	uardian

ANNEXURE – VII

INCOME CERTIFICATE

Name of the Applicant : Application No							
Note : This Certificate should be issued by an Officer of Revenue Department not below the rank of a Tahsildar in the Taluk concerned							
INCOME CERTIFICATE							
This is to certify that the annual income of Thiru/Thirumathi							
Parent/Guardian* of Thiru/Selvi/Thirumathi							
an applicant for admission to							
Para Medical Courses in Tamil Nadu residing at							
is Rs Rupees							
only).							
Signature :							
Name and Designation :							
Station :							
Office Seal :							
Date :							
Applicable only when both parents are deceased							
This Certificate should not be issued by Special Tahsildars, Deputy							
Tahsildars such as Loans, Land acquisition, Election, excise and HQs. Deputy Tahsildars,							
Special Deputy Collectors, Asst. Commissioner of Agricultural							
Income, Excise, Elections etc.							

ANNEXURE – VIII List of Districts in Tamil Nadu

List of Districts in Tan Name of District	Code No.
Ariyalur	01
Chennai	02
Coimbatore	03
Cuddalore	04
Dharmapuri	05
Dindigul	06
Erode	07
Kancheepuram	08
Kanyakumari	09
Karur	10
Krishnagiri	11
Madurai	12
Nagapatinam	13
Namakkal	14
Perambalur	15
Pudukottai	16
Ramanathapuram	17
Salem	18
Sivagangai	19
Thanjavur	20
The Nilgiris	21
Theni	22
Thiruvallur	23
Thiruvannamalai	24
Thiruvarur	25
Tirunelveli	26
Tiruppur	27
Trichirappalli	28
Tuticorin	29
Vellore	30
Villupuram	31
Virudhunagar	32

ANNEXURE - IX

LIST OF COMMUNITIES 2020-21 SESSION

LIST OF BACKWARD CLASSES, MOST BACKWARD CLASSES, DENOTIFIED COMMUNITIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE OF TAMIL NADU UNLESS AND OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BACKWARD CLASSES

- 1. G.O.Ms.No.85 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare Department dated 29.7.2008
- 2. G.O.Ms.No.96, Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare Department dated 8 9 2008
- 3. G.O.Ms.No.97 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare Department dated 11.9.2008
- 4. G.O.Ms.No.37 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare Department dated 21.5.2009
- G.O.Ms.No.98 Backward Classes, Most Backward Classes and Minorities Welfare Department dated 5.1.2009.

Code No.

- 001. Agamudayar including Thozhu or Thuluva Vellala.
- 002. Agaram Vellan Chettiar.
- 003. Alwar, Azhavar and Alavar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 004. Servai (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perumbalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 005. Nulayar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 006. Archakarai Vellala.
- 007. Aryavathi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 008. Ayira Vaisyar.
- 009. Badagar.
- 010. Billava
- 011. Bondil.
- 012. Boyas (except Tiruchirappalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, The Nilgiris, Salem, Namakkal Krishnagiri and Dharmapuri Districts) and Pedda Boyar (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts). Oddars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts) Kaloddars (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem and Namakkal Districts) Nellorepet Oddars (except Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 013. Chakkala (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul and the Nilgiris Districts).
- 014. Chavalakarar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- O15. Chettu or Chetty (including Kottar Chetty, Elur Chetty, Pathira Chetty, Vala yalchetty, Pudukadai Chetty (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 016. Chowdry.
- 016A. Converts to Christianity from Scheduled Castes irrespective of the generation of conversion for the purpose of reservation of seats in Educational Institutions and for seats in Public Services.
- 016B. C.S.I. formerly S.I.U.C. (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 017. Donga Dasaris (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Chennai, Salem and Namakkal Districts.)
- 018. Devangar, Sedar.
- O19. Dombs (except Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts). Dommars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 020. Enadi
- 021. Ezhavathy (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 022. Ezhuthachar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 023. Ezhuva (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).

- 024. Gangavar.
- 025. Gavara, Gavarai and Vadugar (Vaduvar) (other than Kamma, Kapu, Balija and Reddi).
- 026. Gounder.
- 027. Gowda (including Gammala, Kalali and Anuppa Gounder).
- 028. Hegde.
- 029. Idiga.
- 030. Illathu Pillaimar, Illuvar, Ezhuvar and Illathar.
- 031. Jhetty.
- 032. Jogis (except Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 033. Kabbera.
- 034. Kaikolar, Sengunthar.
- 035. Kaladi (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
- 036. Kalari Kurup including Kalari Panicker (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 037. Kalingi.
- 038. Kallar. Easanattu Kallar. Gandarvakottai Kallars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts). Kootappal Kallars (except Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts). Piramalai Kallars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam and Tiruvarur Districts). Periya Sooriyur Kallars (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- Kallar Kula Thondaman.
- 040. Kalveli Gounder.
- 041. Kambar.
- 042. Kammalar or Viswakarma, Viswakarmala (including Thattar, Porkollar, Kannar, Karumar, Kollar, Thacher, Kal Thacher, Kamsala and Viswabrahmin).
- 043. Kani, Kanisu, Kaniyar Panicker.
- 044. Kaniyala Vellalar.
- 045. Kannada Saineegar, Kannadiyar (Throughout the State) and Dasapalanjika (Coimbatore, Erode and the Nilgiris Districts).
- 046. Kannadiya Naidu.
- 047. Karpoora Chettiar.
- 048. Karuneegar (Seer Karuneegar, Sri Karuneegar, Sarattu Karuneegar, Kaikatti Karuneegar, Mathuvazhi Kanakkar, Sozhi Kanakkar and Sunnambu Karuneegar).
- 049. Kasukkara Chettiar.
- 050. Katesar, Pattamkatti.
- 051. Kavuthiyar.
- 052. Kerala Mudali.
- 053. Kharvi.
- 054. Khatri.
- 055. Kongu Vaishnava.
- 056. Kongu Vellalars (including Vellala Gounder, Nattu Gounder, Narambukkatti Gounder, Tirumudi Vellalar, Thondu Vellalar, Pala Gounder, Poosari Gounder, Anuppa Vellala Gounder, Padaithalai Gounder, Chendalai Gounder, Pavalankatti Vellala Gounder, Pala Vellala Gounder, Sanku Vellala Gounder and Rathinagiri Gounder).
- 057. Koppala Velama.
- 058. Koteyar.
- 059. Krishnanvaka (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 060. Kudikara Vellalar.
- 061. Kudumbi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 062. Kuga Vellalar.
- 063. Kunchidigar.

- 063A. Latin Catholics except Latin Catholic Vannar (in Kanniyakumari District)
- 063B. Latin Catholics in Shencottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District.
- 064. Lambadi.
- 065. Lingayat (Jangama)
- 066. Mahratta (Non-Brahmin) (including Namdev Mahratta)
- 067. Malayar.
- 068. Male.
- 069. Maniagar
- 070. Maravars (except Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli and Thoothukudi Districts). Karumaravars Appanad Kondayam Kottai Maravars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts). Sembanad Maravars (except Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).
- 071. Moondrumandai Enbathunalu (84) Ur. Sozhia Vellalar.
- 072. Mooppan.
- 073. Muthuraja, Muthuracha, Muttiriyar, Mutharaiyar.
- 074. Nadar, Shanar and Gramani (including Christian Nadar, Christian Shanar and Christian Gramani).
- 075. Nagaram.
- 076. Naikkar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 077. Nangudi Vellalar.
- 078. Nanjil Mudali (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 079. Odar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 080. Odiya.
- 081. Oottruvalanattu Vellalar.
- 082. O.P.S. Vellalar.
- 083. Ovachar.
- 084. Paiyur Kotta Vellalar.
- 085. Pamulu.
- 086. Panar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled caste).
- 086A Pandiya Vellalar
- 088. Kathikarar in Kanniyakumari District.
- 089. Pannirandam Chettiar or Uthama Chettiar.
- 090. Parkavakulam (including Surithimar, Nathamar, Malayamar, Moopanar and Nainar).
- 091. Perike (including Perike Balija).
- 092. Perumkollar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 093. Podikara Vellalar.
- 094. Pooluva Gounder.
- 095. Poraya.
- 096. Pulavar (in Coimbatore and Erode Districts).
- 097. Pulluvar or Pooluvar.
- 098. Pusala.
- 099. Reddy (Ganjam)
- 100. Sadhu Chetty (including Telugu Chetty, Twenty four Manai Telugu Chetty).
- 101. Sakkaravar or Kavathi (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 102. Salivagana.
- 103. Saliyar, Padmasaliyar, Pattusaliyar, Pattariyar and Adhaviyar.
- 104. Savalakkarar.
- 105. Senaithalaivar, Senaikudiyar and Illaivaniar.
- 105A. Serakula Vellalar.
- 106. Sourashtra (Patnulkarar).
- 107. Sozhiavellalar (including Sozha Vellalar, Vetrilaikarar, Kodikalkarar and Keeraikarar).
- 108. Srisayar.
- 109. Sundaram Chetty.

- 110. Thogatta Veerakshatriya.
- 111. Tholkollar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 112. Tholuva Naicker and Vetalakara Naicker.
- 114. Thoriyar
- 115. Ukkirakula Kshatriya Naicker.
- 116. Uppara, Uppillia and Sagara.
- 117. Urali Gounder (except Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts) and Orudaya Gounder or Oorudaya Gounder (in Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Coimbatore, Erode, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 118. Urikkara Nayakkar.
- 118A Virakodi Vellala.
- 119. Vallambar.
- 119A Vallanattu Chettiar.
- 120. Valmiki.
- 121. Vaniyar, Vania Chettiar (including Gandla, Ganika, Telikula and Chekkalar).
- 122. Veduvar and vedar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the Community is a Scheduled Caste).
- 123. Veerasaiva (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 124. Velar.
- 125. Vellan Chettiar.
- 126. Veluthodathu Nair (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 127. Vokkaligar (including Vakkaligar, Okkaligar, Kappiliyar, Kappiliyar, Okkaliga Gowda, Okkaliya, Gowda, Okkaliya Gowder, Okkaliya Gowda).
- 128. Wynad Chetty (The Nilgiris District).
- 129. Yadhava (including Idaiyar, Telugu Speaking Idaiyar known as Vaduga Ayar or Vaduga Idaiyar or Golla and Asthanthra Golla).
- 130. Yavana
- 131. Yerukula
- 131A. Converts to Christianity from any Hindu Backward Classes Community or Most Backward Classes Community or Denotified Communities except the Converts to Christianity from Meenavar, Parvatharajakulam, Pattanavar, Sembadavar, Mukkuvar or Mukayar and Paravar.
- 132. Orphans and destitute Children who have lost their parents before reaching the age of ten and are destitutes; and who have nobody else to take care of them either by law or custom; and also who are admitted into any of the schools or orphanages run by the Government or recognized by the Government.

LIST OF BACKWARD CLASS - MUSLIMS

- 133. Ansar
- 134. Dekkani Muslims
- 135. Dudekula
- 136. Labbais including Rowthar and Marakayar (whether their spoken language is Tamil or Urdu)
- 137. Mapilla
- 138. Sheik
- 139. Syed

MOST BACKWARD CLASSES

- 140. Ambalakarar.
- 141. Andipandaram.
- 141A. Arayar (in Kanniyakumari District)
- 142. Bestha, Siviar.
- 143. Bhatraju (Other than Kshatriya Raju)
- 144. Boyar, Oddar.
- 145. Dasari.

- 146. Dommara.
- 147. Eravallar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Tribe).
- 148. Isaivellalar.
- 149. Jambuvanodai.
- 150. Jangam.
- 151. Jogi.
- 152. Kongu Chettiar (in Coimbatore and Erode Districts only)
- 153. Koracha.
- 154. Kulala (including Kuyavar and Kumbarar).
- 155. Kunnuvar Mannadi.
- 156. Kurumba Gounder
- 157. Kuruhini Chetty.
- 157A. Latin catholics christian vannar (in Kanniyakumari District)
- 158. Maruthuvar, Navithar, Mangala, Velakattalavar, Velakatalanair and Pronopakari.
- 159. Mond Golla.
- 160. Moundadan Chetty.
- 161. Mahendra, Medara.
- 162. Mutlakampatti.
- 163. Narikoravar(Kuruvikars).
- 164. Nokkar
- 164A. Panisaivan, Panisivan
- 165. Vanniyakula Kshatriya (including Vanniyar, Vanniya, Vannia Gounder, Gounder or Kander, Padayachi, Palli and Agnikula Kshatriya).
- 166. Paravar (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Caste)
- 166A. Paravar converts to Christianity including the Paravar converts to Christianity of Kanyakumari District and Shenkottai Taluk in Tirunelveli District.
- 167. Meenavar (Parvatharajakulam, Pattanavar, Sembadavar) (including converts to Christianity).
- 168. Mukkuvar or Mukayar (including converts to Christianity).
- 169. Punnan Vettuva Gounder.
- 170. Pannayar (other than Kathikarar in Kanniyakumari District).
- 171. Sathatha Srivaishnava (Including Sathani, Chattadi and Chattada Srivaishnava).
- 172. Sozhia Chetty.
- 173. Telugupatty Chetty.
- 174. Thottia Naicker (including Rajakambalam, Gollavar, Sillavar, Thockalavar Thozhuva Naicker, and Erragalor)
- 175. Thondaman.
- 175A. Thoraiyar (The Nilgiris)
- 175B. Thoraiyar (Plains)
- 176. Valaiyar (including Chettinad Valayars).
- 177. Vannar (Salavai Thozhilalar) (including Agasa, Madivala, Ekali, Rajakula, Veluthadar and Rajaka) (except in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah Taluk of Tirunelveli District where the community is a Scheduled Caste).
- 178. Vettaikarar.
- 179. Vettuva Gounder.
- 180. Yogeeswarar.

LIST OF DENOTIFIED COMMUNITIES

- 181. Attur Kilnad Koravars (Salem, Namakkal, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai and Virudhunagar Districts).
- 182. Attur Melnad Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).

- 183. Appanad Kondayam Kottai Maravar (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts).
- 184. Ambalakarar (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 185. Ambalakarar (Suriyanur, Tiruchirapalli District).
- 186. Boyas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, The Nilgiris, Salem, Namakkal, Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri Districts).
- 187. Battu Turkas.
- 188. C.K. Koravars (Cuddalore and Villupuram Districts).
- 189. Chakkala (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul and the Nilgiris Districts).
- 190. Changayampudi Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 191. Chettinad Valayars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).
- 192. Dombs (Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
- 193. Dobba Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 194. Dommars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 195. Donga Boya.
- 196. Donga Ur.Korachas.
- 197. Devagudi Talayaris.
- 198. Dobbai Korachas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 199. Dabi Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 200. Donga Dasaris (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Chennai, Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 201. Gorrela Dodda Boya.
- 202. Gudu Dasaris.
- 203. Gandarvakottai Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Cuddalore and Villupuram Districts).
- 204 Gandarvakottai Kallars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 205. Inji Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 206 Jogis (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Chennai, Cuddalore, Villupuram, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Dist).
- 207. Jambavanodai.
- 208. Kaladis (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
- 209. Kal Oddars (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapatinam, Tiruvarur Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 210. Koravars (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Chennai, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, and The Nilgiris Districts).
- 211. Kalinji Dabikoravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 212. Kootappal Kallars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai District).
- 213. Kala Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai District).
- 214. Kalavathila Boyas.
- 215. Kepmaris (Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
- 216. Maravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli and Thoothukudi Districts).
- 217. Monda Koravars.
- 218. Monda Golla (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 219. Mutlakampatti (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 220. Nokkars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).

- 221. Nellorepet Oddars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 222. Oddars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni and Dindigul Districts).
- 223. Pedda Boyas (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 224. Ponnai Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 225. Piramalai Kallars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Pudukottai, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam and Tiruvarur Districts).
- 226. Peria Suriyur Kallars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 227. Padayachi (Vellayan Kuppam in Cuddalore District, Tennore in Tiruchirapalli District).
- 228. Punnan Vettuva Gounder (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 229. Servai (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 230. Salem Melnad Koravars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Coimbatore, Erode, Pudukottai, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Salem, Namakkal, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 231. Salem Uppu Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 232. Sakkaraithamadai Koravars (Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 233 Saranga Palli Koravars.
- 234. Sooramari Oddars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 235. Sembanad Maravars (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar and Ramanathapuram Districts).
- 236. Thalli Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 237. Thelungapatti Chettis (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 238. Thottia Naickers (Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Ramanathapuram, Kancheepuram, Tiruvallur, Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Salem, Namakkal, Vellore, Tiruvannamalai, Coimbatore and Erode Districts).
- 239. Thogamalai Koravars or Kepmaris (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 240. Uppukoravars or Settipalli Koravars (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur, Pudukottai, Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Vellore and Tiruvannamalai Districts).
- 241. Urali Gounders (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 242. Wayalpad or Nawalpeta Korachas.
- 243. Vaduvarpatti Koravars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigal, Ramanathapuram, Sivagangai, Virudhunagar, Tirunelveli, Thoothukudi, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 244. Valayars (Madurai, Theni, Dindigul, Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur, Pudukottai, Erode and Coimbatore Districts).
- 245. Vettaikarar (Thanjavur, Nagapattinam, Tiruvarur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 246. Vetta Koravars (Salem and Namakkal Districts).
- 247. Varaganeri Koravars (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).
- 248. Vettuva Gounder (Tiruchirapalli, Karur, Perambalur and Pudukottai Districts).

THE SCHEDULE (SCHEDULED CASTES) TAMILNADU

- 401. Adi-Dravida
- 402. Adi-Karnataka
- 403. Ajila
- 404. Ayyanavar (in Kanyakumari Districtand Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
- 405. Baira
- 406. Bakuda
- 407. Bandi
- 408. Bellara
- 409. Bharatar (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
- 410. Chalavadi
- 411. Chamar, Muchi
- 412. Chandala
- 413. Cheruman
- 414. Devendrakulathan

- 415. Dom, Dombara, Paidi, Pano
- 416. Domban.
- 417. Godagali
- 418. Godda
- 419. Gosangi
- 420. Holeya
- 421. Jaggali
- 422. Jambuvulu
- 423. Kadaiyan
- 424. Kakkalan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 425. Kalladi
- 426. Kanakkan, Padanna (in the Nilgiris District)
- 427. Karimpalan
- 428. Kavara (in Kanyakumari District and and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
- 429. Koliyan
- 430. Koosa
- 431. Kootan, Koodan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 432. Kudumban
- 433. Kuravan, Sidhanar
- 434. Maila.
- 435. Mala.
- 436. Mannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 437. Mavilan.
- 438. Moger.
- 439. Mundala.
- 440. Nalakeyava
- 441. Nayadi
- 442 Padannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District)
- 443. Pallan
- 444. Palluvan
- 445. Pambada.
- 446. Panan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 447. Panchama.
- 448. Pannadi.
- 449. Panniandi.
- 450. Paraiyan, Parayan, Sambavar.
- 451. Paravan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 452. Pathiyan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 453. Pulayan, Cheramar.
- 454. Puthirai Vannan.
- 455. Raneyar.
- 456. Samagara.
- 457. Samban.
- 458. Sapari
- 459. Semman.
- 460. Thandan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 461 Tiruvalluvar.
- 462. Vallon
- 463. Valluvan.
- 464. Vannan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 465. Vathiriyan.
- 466. Velan.
- 466A Venganur Adi-Dravidar (in Vellore District)

- 466B Veppur Parayan (in Cuddalore District)
- 467. Vetan (in Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District.
- 468. Vettiyan.
- 469. Vettuvan (Kanyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 470. Adi-Andhra
- 471. Arunthathiyar
- 472. Chakkiliyan
- 473. Madari
- 474. Madiga
- 475. Pagadai
- 476. Thoti

Note: 16% of seats out of the 18% quota earmarked to Scheduled Caste shall be allocated to the Arunthathiyar Community which is included in the list of community mentioned in Sl.No.470 - 476.

THE SCHEDULE (SCHEDULED TRIBES) TAMILNADU

- 501. Adiyan
- 502. Aranadan
- 503. Eravallan
- 504. Irular.
- 505. Kadar
- 506. Kammara (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 507. Kanikaran, Kanikkar (in Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah and Ambasamudram taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 508. Kaniyan, Kanyan.
- 509. Kattunayakan.
- 510. Kochu Velan.
- 511. Konda Kapus.
- 512. Kondareddis.
- 513. Koraga.
- 514. Kota (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 515. Kudiya, Melakudi.
- 516. Kurichchan.
- 517. Kurumbas (in the Nilgiris District).
- 518. Kurumans.
- 519. Maha Malasar.
- 520. Malai Arayan.
- 521. Malai Pandaram.
- 522. Malai Vedan.
- 523. Malakkuravan.
- 524. Malasar.
- 525. Malayali (in Dharmapuri, Vellore, Pudukottai, Salem, Namakkal, Cuddalore, Tiruvannamalai, Villupuram, Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Perambalur Districts).
- 526. Malayakandi.
- 527. Mannan.
- 528. Mudugar, Muduvan.
- 529. Muthuvan.
- 530. Pallayan.
- 531. Palliyan.
- 532. Palliyar.
- 533. Paniyan.
- 534. Sholaga.
- 535. Toda (excluding Kanniyakumari District and Shenkottah taluk of Tirunelveli District).
- 536. Uraly.